

Webinar

Advanced problem detection

all our microphones are muted ask your questions in Q&A, not in the Chat use Chat for discussion, networking or applause



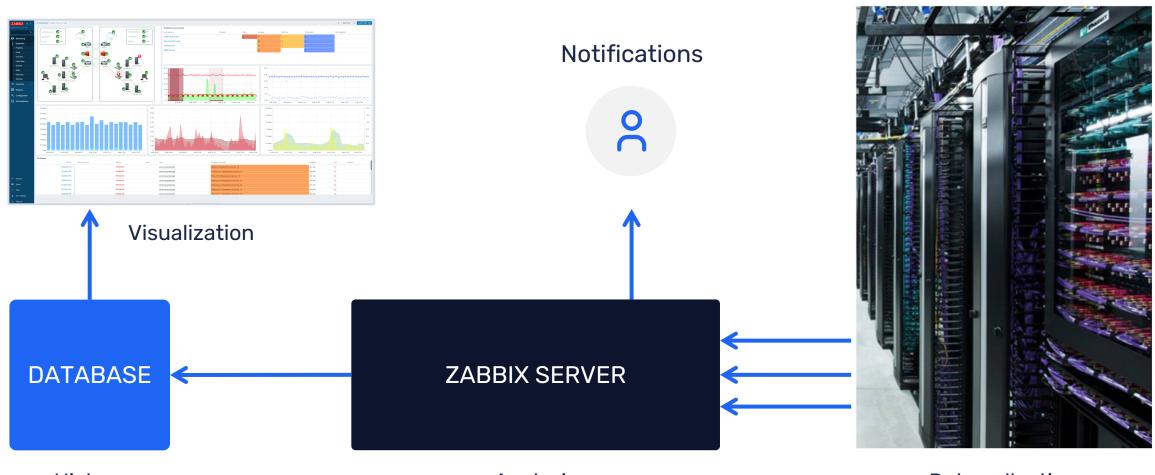
1

Zabbix data flow





Zabbix data flow



History Analysis Data collection





How often to execute checks?

Every N seconds

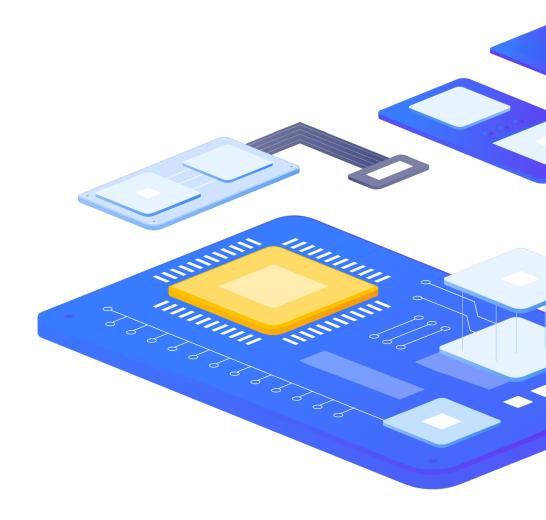
Zabbix will evenly distribute checks

Different frequency in different time periods

- Every X seconds in working time
- Every Y second in weekend

At a specific time (Zabbix 3.0)

- Ready for business checks
- Every hour starting from 9:00 at working hours (9:00, 10:00,..., 18:00)



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Triggers





Trigger - problem definition

Operators

```
> - + / * < > = <> >= <= not or and
```

Functions

min max avg last count date time diff regexp and much more!

Analyze everything: any metric and any host

- last(/server/system.cpu.load) > 5
- last(/node1/system.cpu.load) > 5 and last(/node2/system.cpu.load) > 5 and last(/nodes/tps) < 5000</p>

Scope of Usage

Triggers, calculated items, expression macros





Trigger Functions

Function group	Functions
Aggregate functions	avg, bucket_percentile, count, histogram_quantile, item_count, kurtosis, mad, max, min, skewness, stddevpop, stddevsamp, sum, sumofsquares, varpop, varsamp
Bitwise functions	bitand, bitlshift, bitnot, bitor, bitrshift, bitxor
Date and time functions	date, dayofmonth, dayofweek, now, time
History functions	change, changecount, count, countunique, find, first, fuzzytime, last, logeventid, logseverity, logsource, monodec, monoinc, nodata, percentile, rate
Trend functions	baselinedev, baselinewma, trendavg, trendcount, trendmax, trendmin, trendstl, trendsum
Mathematical functions	abs, acos, asin, atan, atan2, avg, cbrt, ceil, cos, cosh, cot, degrees, e, exp, expm1, floor, log, log10, max, min, mod, pi, power, radians, rand, round, signum, sin, sinh, sqrt, sum, tan, truncate
Operator functions	between, in
Prediction functions	forecast, timeleft
String functions	ascii, bitlength, bytelength, char, concat, insert, left, length, ltrim, mid, repeat, replace, right, rtrim, trim





Foreach Functions - tip

- avg_foreach
- bucket_rate_foreach
- count_foreach
- exists_foreach
- last_foreach
- max_foreach
- min_foreach
- sum_foreach

Calculated Items on:

Host level

sum(last_foreach(/host/net.if.in[*]))

Hostgroup level

avg_foreach(/*/mysql.qps?[group="MySQL Servers"],5m)

TAG level

avg_foreach(/*/key[a,*,c]?[(tag="ENV:production")],10m)

Complex level

avg_foreach(/*/key[a,*,c]?[(group="Servers" and tag="EU") or (group="Linux") and (tag="CZ" or tag="ENV:production"))],5m)





Zabbix 7.0

jsonpath(value,path, < default >)

Return the JSONPath result.

Supported value types: String, Text, Log.

jsonpath(last(/host/proc.get[zabbix_agentd,,,summary]),"\$..size")

xmlxpath(value,path,<default>)

Return the XML XPath result.

Supported value types: String, Text, Log.

xmlxpath(last(/host/xml_result),"/response/error/status")

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Zabbix 7.0

Updated functions

- Aggregate functions now also support non-numeric types for calculation. This may be useful, for example, with the count and count_foreach functions.
- > The count and count_foreach aggregate functions support optional parameters operator and pattern, which can be used to fine-tune item filtering and only count values that match given criteria.
- > All foreach functions no longer include unsupported items in the count.
- > The function last_foreach, previously configured to ignore the time period argument, accepts it as an optional parameter.
- > Supported range for values returned by prediction functions has been expanded to match the range of double data type. Now timeleft() function can accept values up to 1.7976931348623158E+308 and forecast() function can accept values ranging from -1.7976931348623158E+308 to 1.7976931348623158E+308.





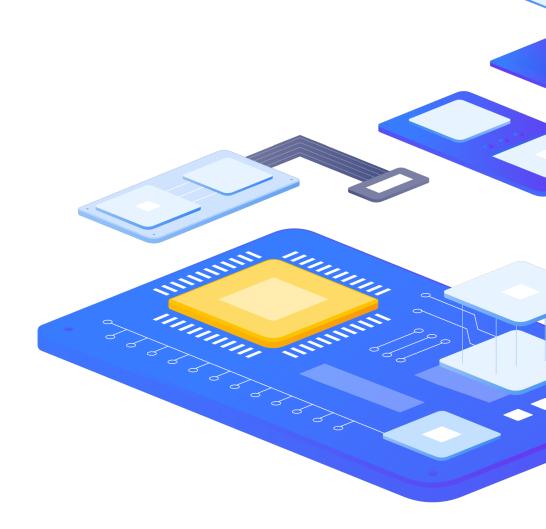
Junior level

Performance

> last(/server/system.cpu.load) > 5

Availability

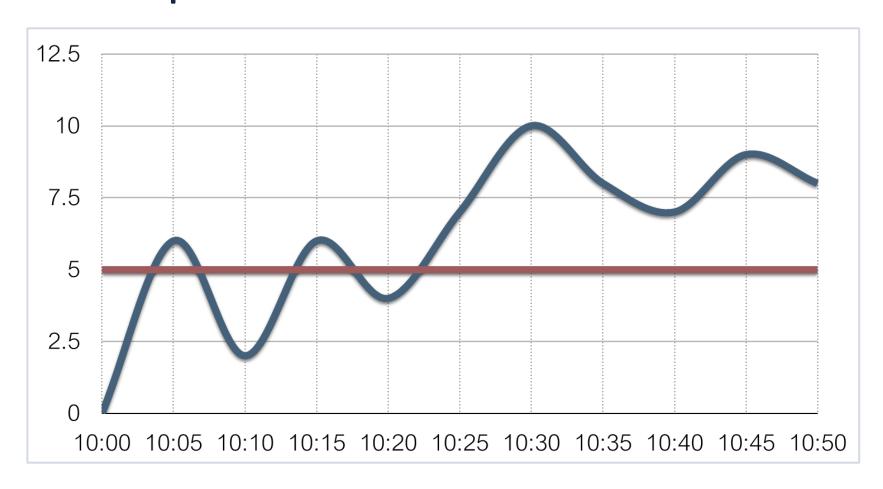
> last(/server/net.tcp.service[http]) = 0







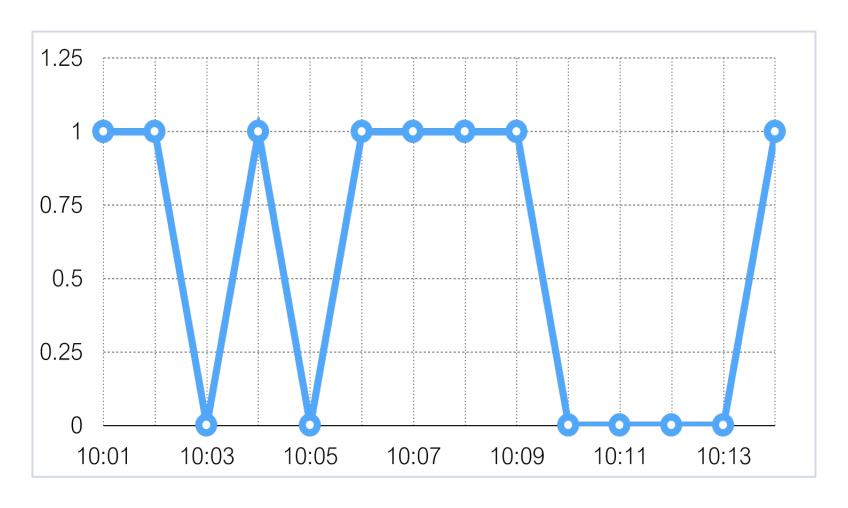
False positives







Too sensitive



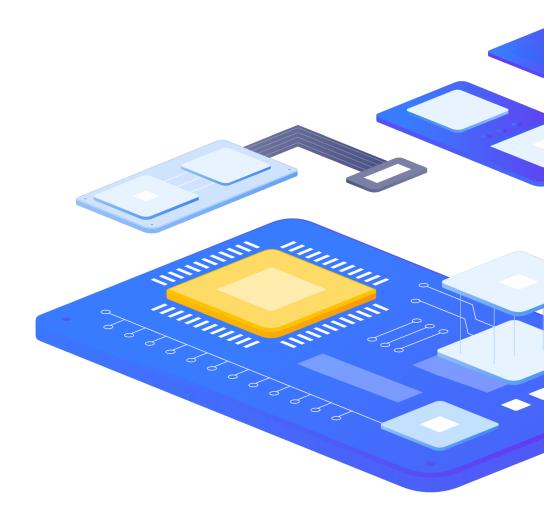


Junior level

Too sensitive leads to

False positives





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False positives



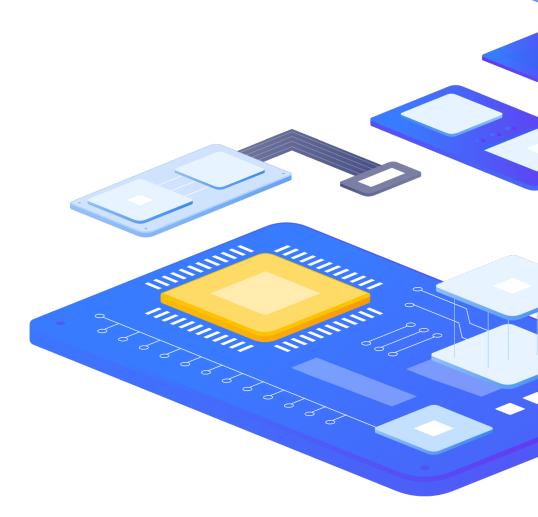




How to avoid false positives?

Be careful and define problems wisely! What does it really mean?

- system is overloaded
- application does not work
- service is not available







Examples

Problem:

> CPU load > 5

No problem:

> CPU load = 4.99 Resolved?

Problem:

free disk space < 10%</p>

No problem:

▶ free disk space = 10.001% ———> Resolved?

Problem:

SSH check failed

No problem:





Analyze history

Performance

min(/server/system.cpu.load,10m) > 5

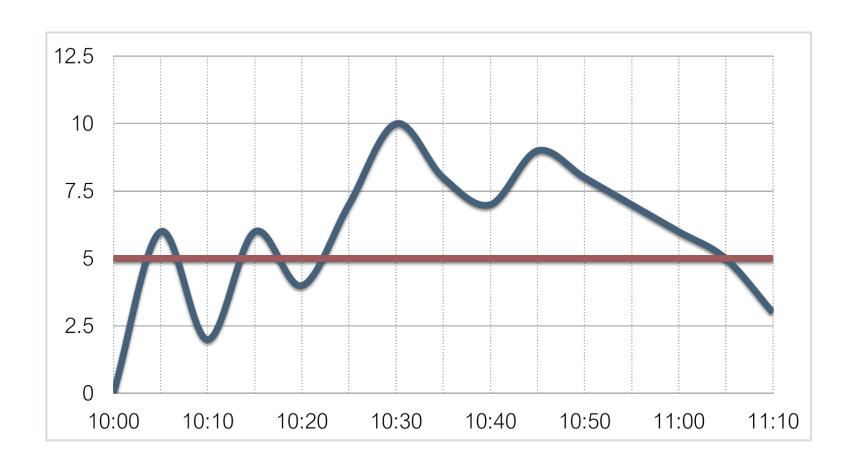
Availability

- max(/server/net.tcp.service[http],5m) = 0
- max(/server/net.tcp.service[http],#3) = 0





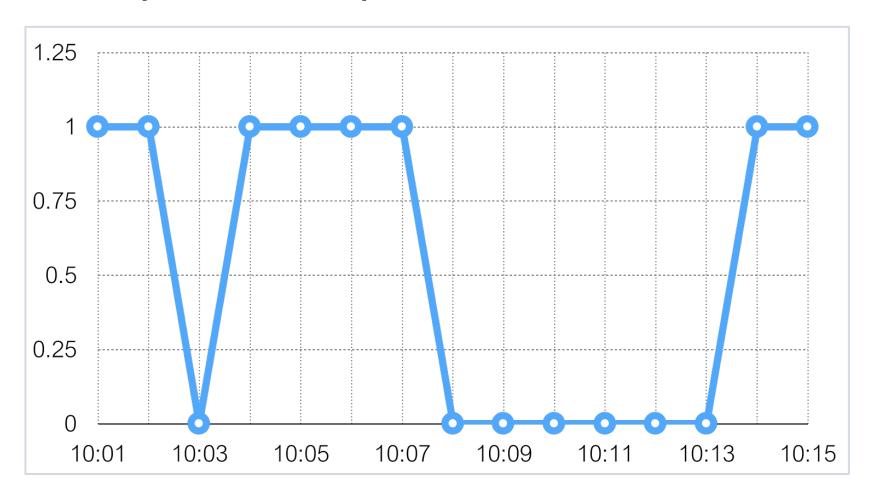
Analyze history







Analyze history







Different conditions for problem and recovery

Before

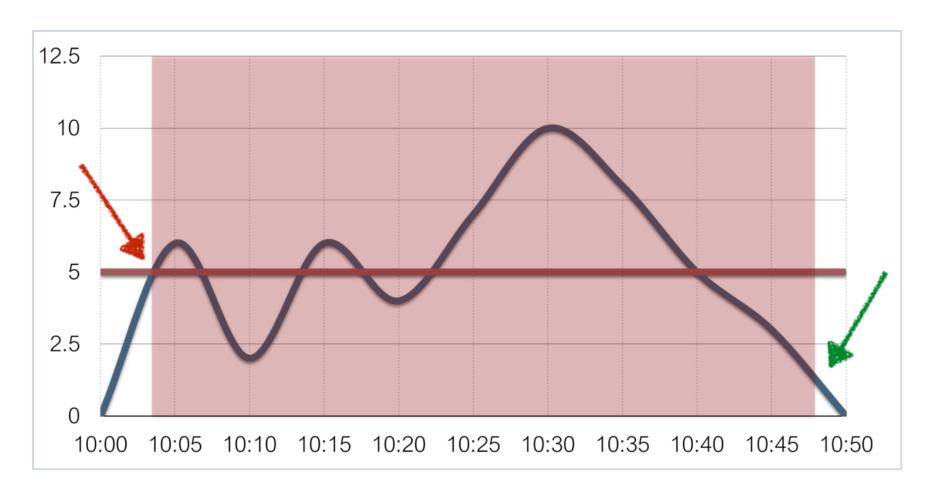
last(/server/system.cpu.load) > 5

Now

- Problem definition: last(/server/system.cpu.load)>5
- Recovery expression: last(/server/system.cpu.load)}<=1</p>



Different conditions for problem and recovery



Problem definition: last(/server/system.cpu.load)>5 ...Recovery expression: last(/server/system.cpu.load)}<=1





Examples

System is overloaded

Problem definition:

min(/server/system.cpu.load,5m)>3

Recovery expression:

max(/server/system.cpu.load,2m)<=1</p>

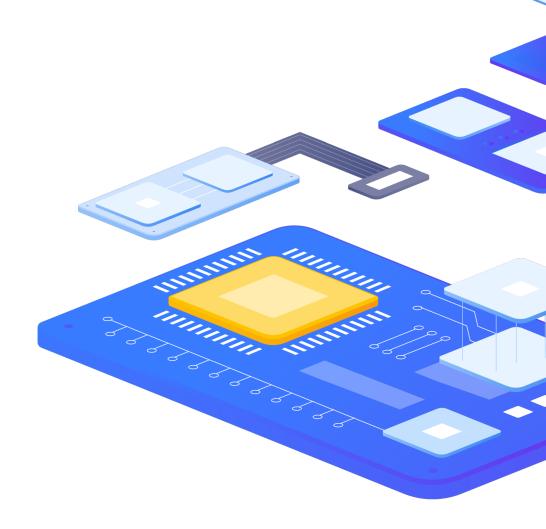
No free disk space /

Problem definition:

> last(/server/vfs.fs.size[/,pfree])<10</pre>

Recovery expression:

min(/server/vfs.fs.size[/,pfree],15m)>30







Examples

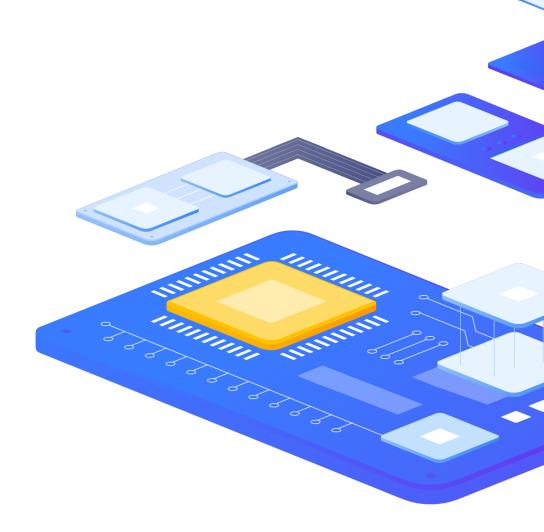
SSH is not available

Problem definition:

max(/server/net.tcp.service[ssh],#3)=0

Recovery expression:

min(/server/net.tcp.service[ssh],#10)=1







Anomalies

How to detect?

By comparing with the data from the same period, the period is taken from the past.

Average CPU load for the last hour is 2x higher than

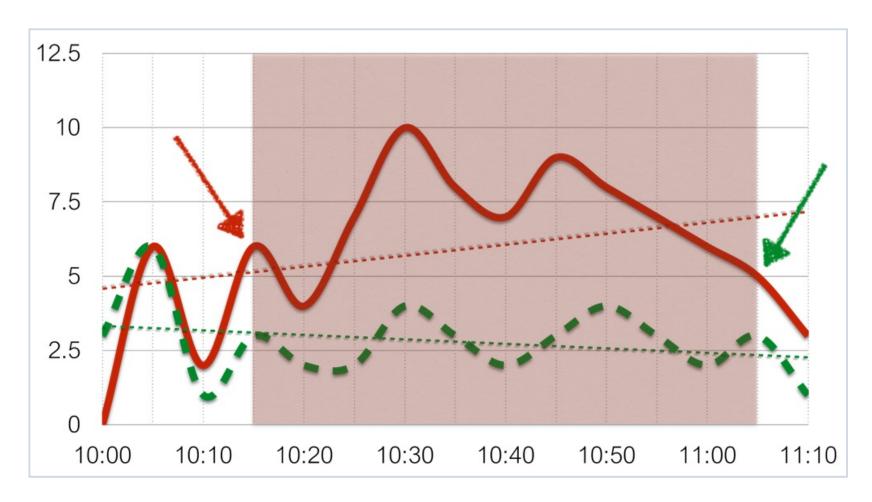
CPU load for the same period week ago

avg(/server/system.cpu.load,1h) > 2* avg(/server/system.cpu.load,1h:now-7d)





Anomalies



Comparison with the data 7 days ago

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Flapping

How to detect?

By comparing changecount of the data from the time period.

Operational status changes of interface

changecount(/SNMP v2/net.if.status[ifOperStatus.{#SNMPINDEX}],{\$FLAP.PERIOD})>{\$FLAP.NUMBER}

Trigger dependency

Link down -> Flapping Detected

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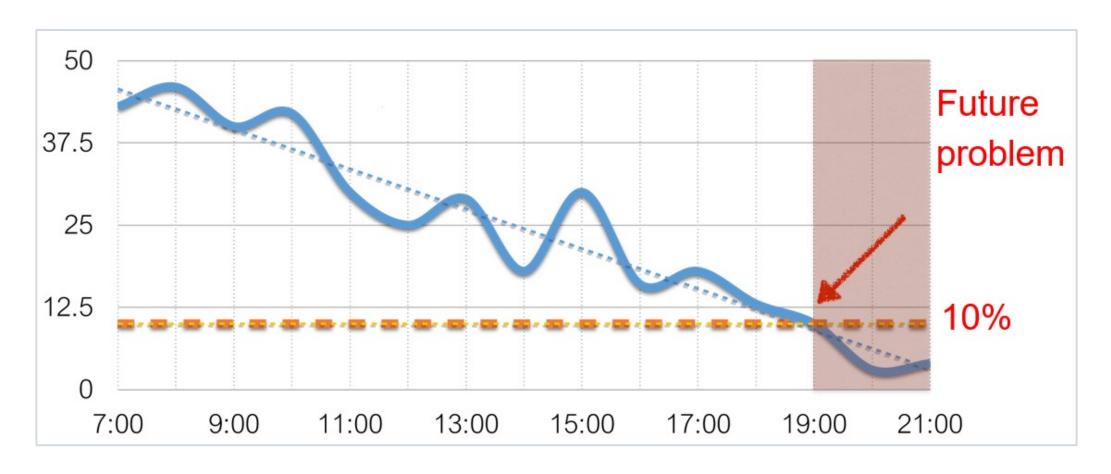
Forecast







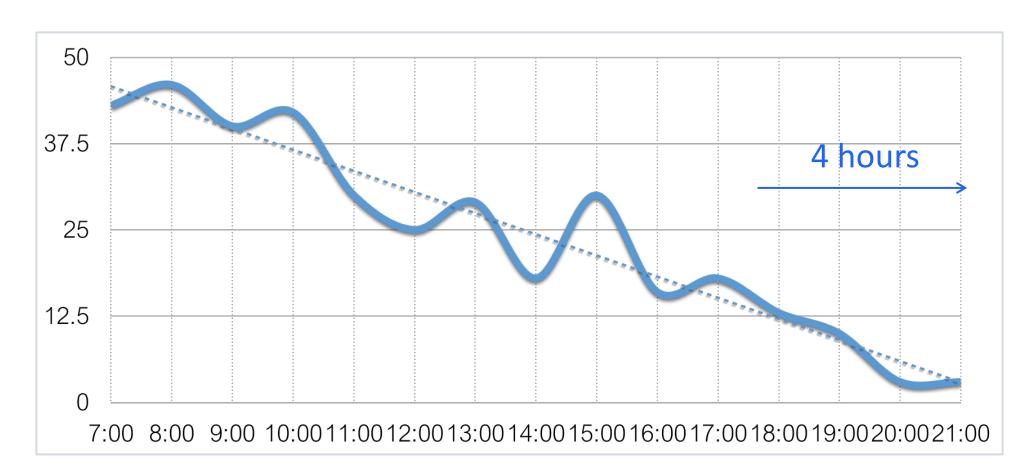
Forecast







Forecast



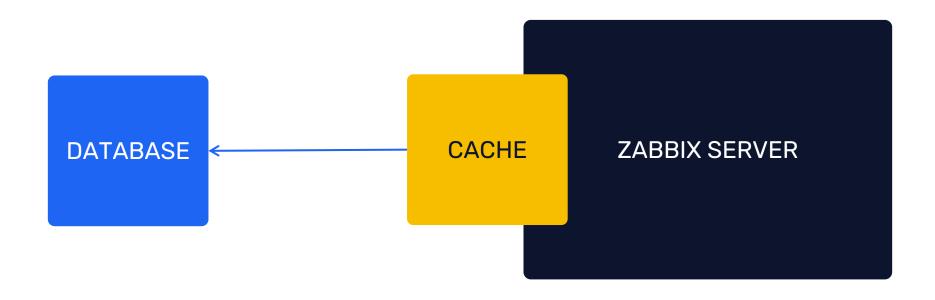




Does history analysis affect performance of Zabbix?

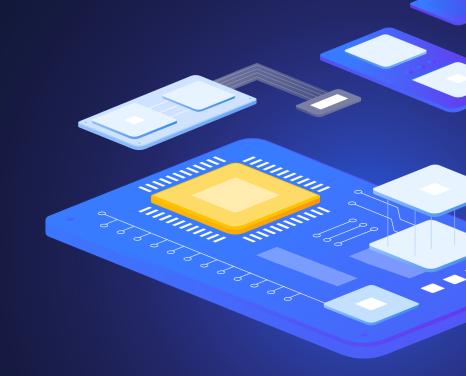
Yes, but not significantly.

Especially as of Zabbix 2.2.0.





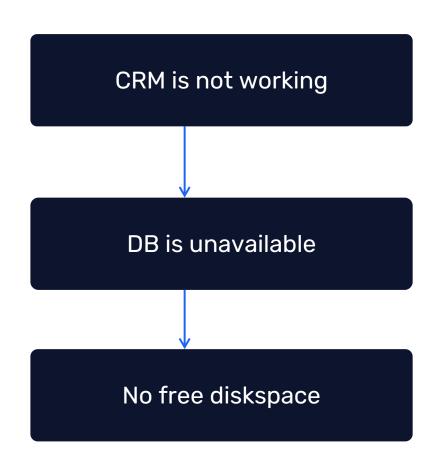
Dependencies

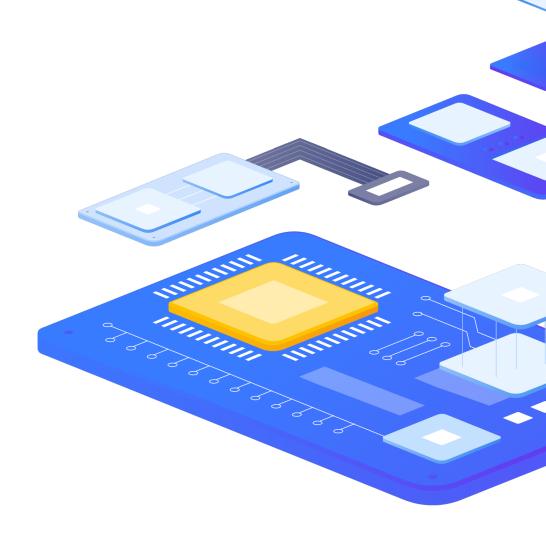






Dependencies

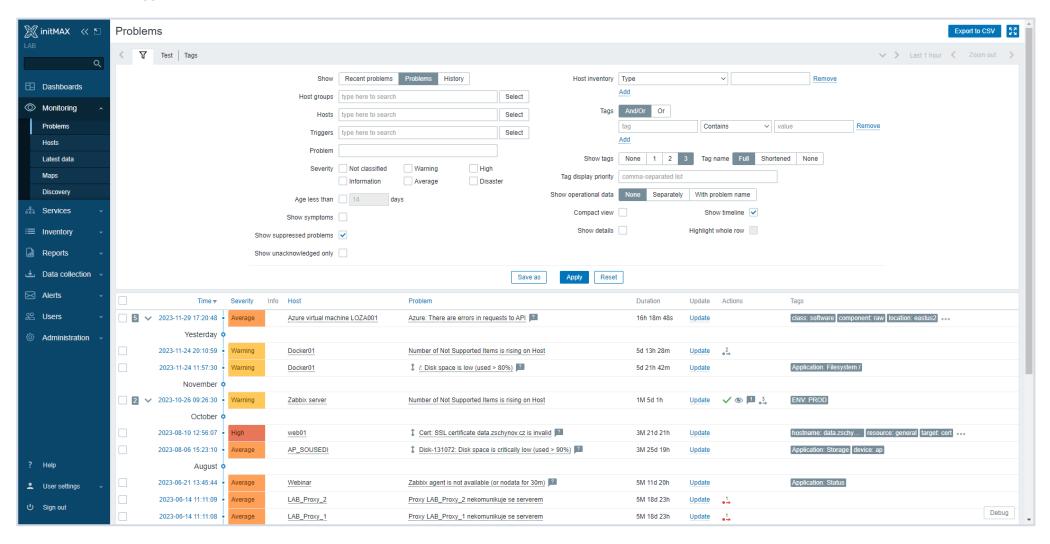








Section "Problems"



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Tags



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Tags

Tag word: meaning

Customer: Alza

Customer: Globus

Datacenter: NY2

Datacenter: San Francisco

Area: Performance

Area: Availability

Area: Security

Environment: Staging

Environment: Test

User impact: None

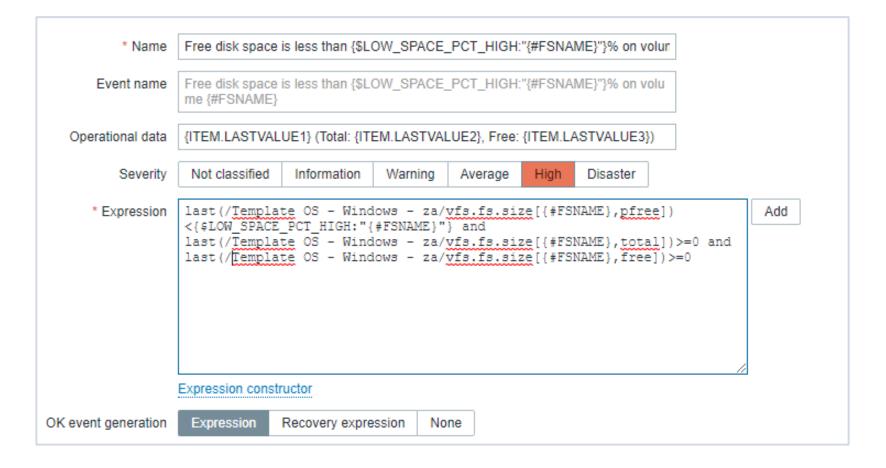
User impact: Critical





Use of obtained values

Use of useful information in tags or names





initMAX

Possible reactions

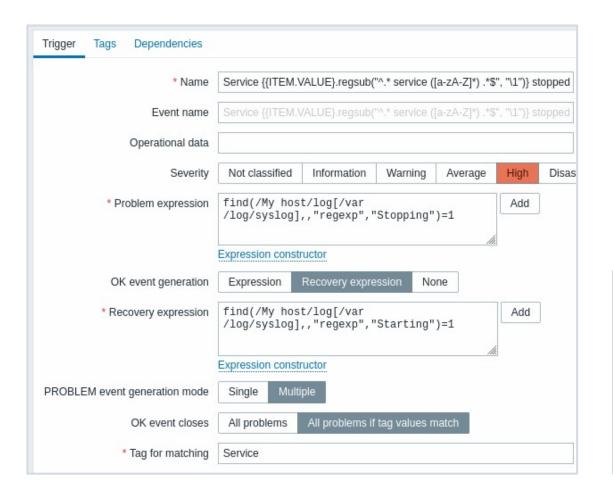
- Event correlation
- Automatized problem solving
- Manual problem closing
- > Sending notifications to a user or a group of users
- Registration of tasks in the Helpdesk system



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Correlation of events at the trigger level allows you to compare individual problems reported by a single trigger.

rigger Tags 2 Dependencies	
Trigger tags Inherited and trigger tags	
Name	Value
Datacenter	value
Service	{{ITEM.VALUE}.regsub("^.* service ([a-zA-Z]*) .*\$", "\ 1")}
Add	1);





How does it work?

10/Feb/2022:06:25:30 service Jira stopped

"Service Jira stopped"

PROBLEM





PROBLEM

Event correlation on trigger level

How does it work?

10/Feb/2022:06:25:30 service Jira stopped "Service Jira stopped"

10/Feb/2022:06:27:32 service MySQL stopped "Service MySQL stopped" PROBLEM





How does it work?

10/Feb/2022:06:25:30 service Jira stopped

"Service Jira stopped"

PROBLEM

10/Feb/2022:06:27:32 service MySQL stopped "Service MySQL stopped"

RESOLVED

10/Feb/2022:06:28:11 service MySQL started





How does it work?

10/Feb/2022:06:25:30 service Jira stopped "Service Jira stopped" PROBLEM

10/Feb/2022:06:27:32 service MySQL stopped "Service MySQL stopped" RESOLVED

10/Feb/2022:06:28:11 service MySQL started

10/Feb/2022:06:34:22 service Redis stopped "Service Redis stopped" PROBLEM





How does it work?

10/Feb/2022:06:25:30 service Jira stopped "Service Jira stopped" PROBLEM

10/Feb/2022:06:27:32 service MySQL stopped "Service MySQL stopped" RESOLVED

10/Feb/2022:06:28:11 service MySQL started

10/Feb/2022:06:34:22 service Redis stopped "Service Redis stopped" RESOLVED

10/Feb/2022:06:37:58 service Redis started





How does it work?

10/Feb/2022:06:25:30 service Jira stopped "Service Jira stopped" RESOLVED

10/Feb/2022:06:27:32 service MySQL stopped "Service MySQL stopped" RESOLVED

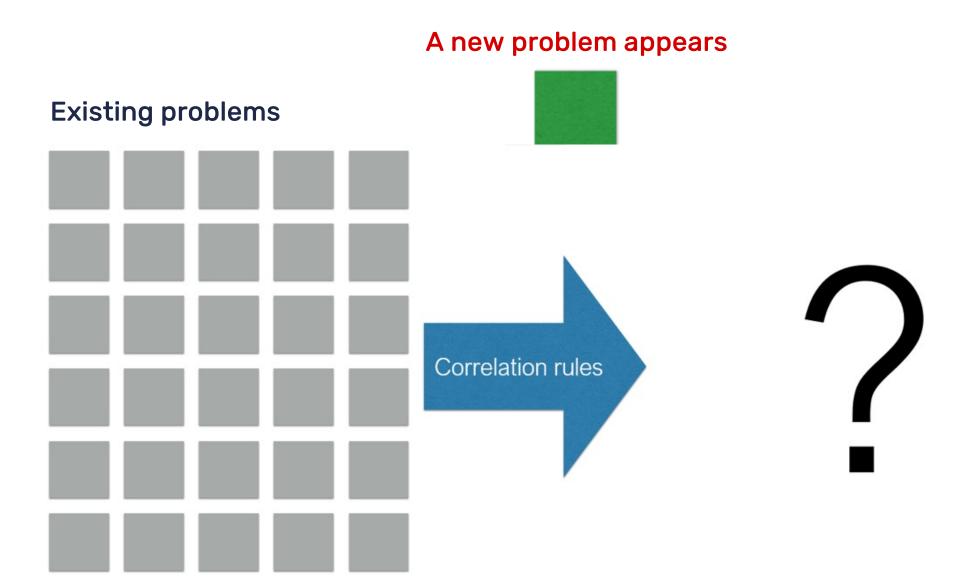
10/Feb/2022:06:28:11 service MySQL started

10/Feb/2022:06:34:22 service Redis stopped "Service Redis stopped" RESOLVED

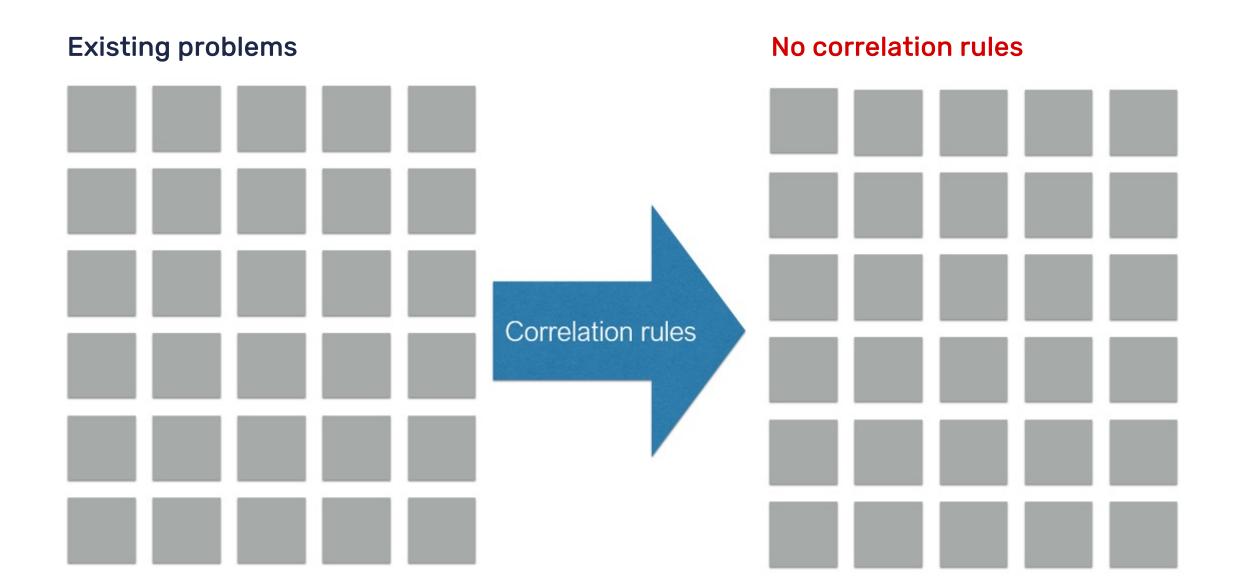
10/Feb/2022:06:37:58 service Redis started

10/Feb/2022:06:55:31 service **Jira** started

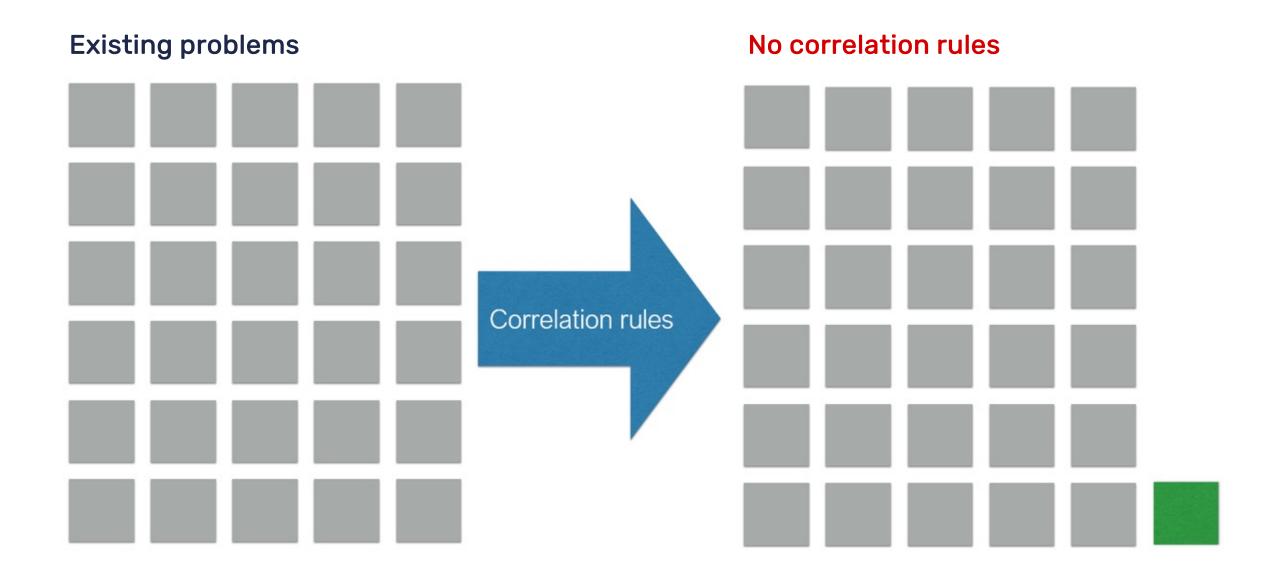




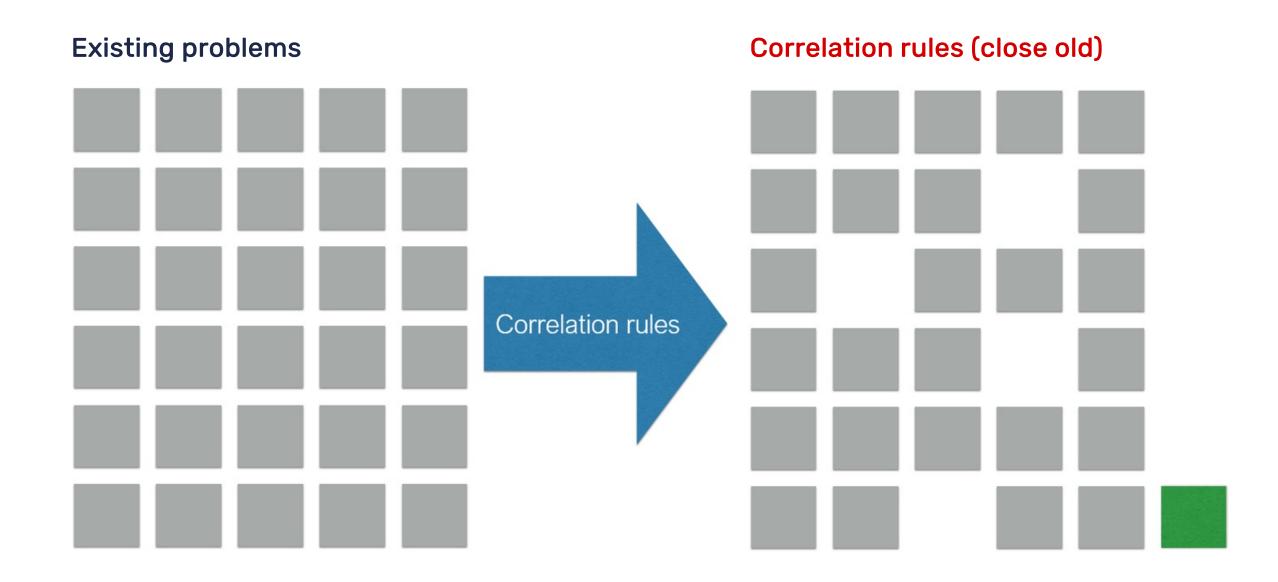










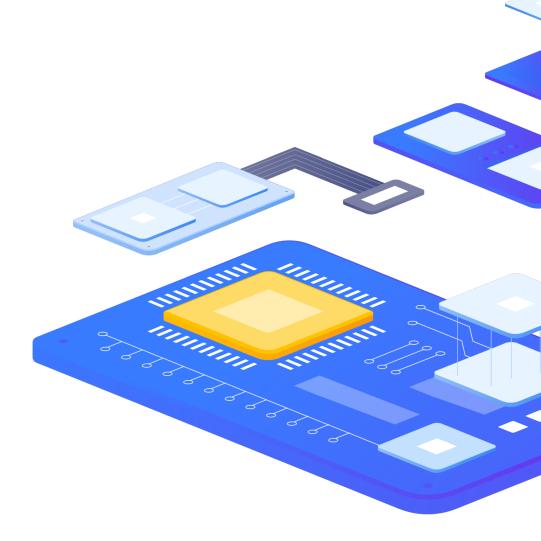




Escalate!

- Immediate reaction
- Delayed reaction
- Notification if automatic action failed
- Repeated notifications
- Escalation to a new level

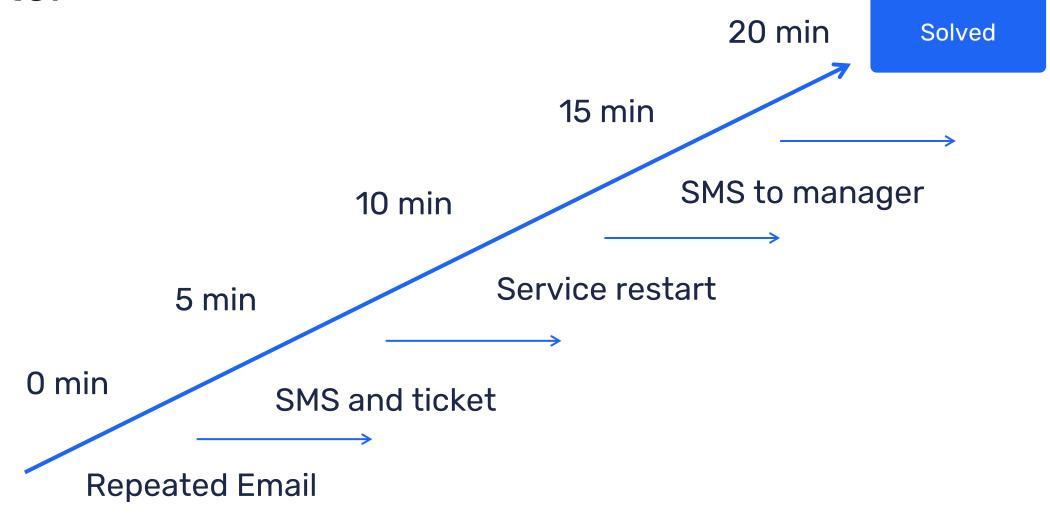








Escalate!



Critical problem





In summary

- Analyze history
- No problem!= Solution
- Use different conditions for problem definition and recovery
- Pay attention to anomaly detection
- Use correlation
- Resolve common problems automatically
- Do not hesitate to escalate!



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Expression macros





{?EXPRESSION_MACROS}

- If defined, this name will be used to create the problem event name, instead of the trigger name.
- The event name may be used to build meaningful alerts containing problem data
- The same set of macros is supported as in the trigger name, plus {TIME} and {?EXPRESSION} expression macros.
- Supported since Zabbix 5.2.0
- > Can be used in different locations **Event Name**, Maps, name of Graphs

ADVANCED PROBLEM DETECTION



{?EXPRESSION_MACROS}

Junior

> Problem: Load of Exchange server increased by more than 10% last month

Expert

- > Problem: Load of Exchange server increased by 24% in July (0.69) comparing to June (0.56)
- Load of {HOST.HOST} server increased by
 - {{?100*trendavg(//system.cpu.load,1M:now/M)/trendavg(//system.cpu.load,1M:now/M-1M)}.fmtnum(0)}% in
 - {{TIME}.fmttime(%B,-1M)}
 - > ({{?trendavg(//system.cpu.load,1M:now/M)}.fmtnum(2)}) comparing to
 - {{TIME}.fmttime(%B,-2M)}
 - ({{?trendavg(//system.cpu.load,1M:now/M-1M)}.fmtnum(2)})

https://www.zabbix.com/documentation/6.0/en/manual/config/triggers/expression?hl=expression#examples-of-triggers



8

Cause and symptoms





Cause and symptom events

Zabbix 6.4 adds the ability to mark events as Cause or Symptom events. This allows Zabbix users to filter events in a way, where they can see only root cause problems, instead of being overwhelmed by symptom events

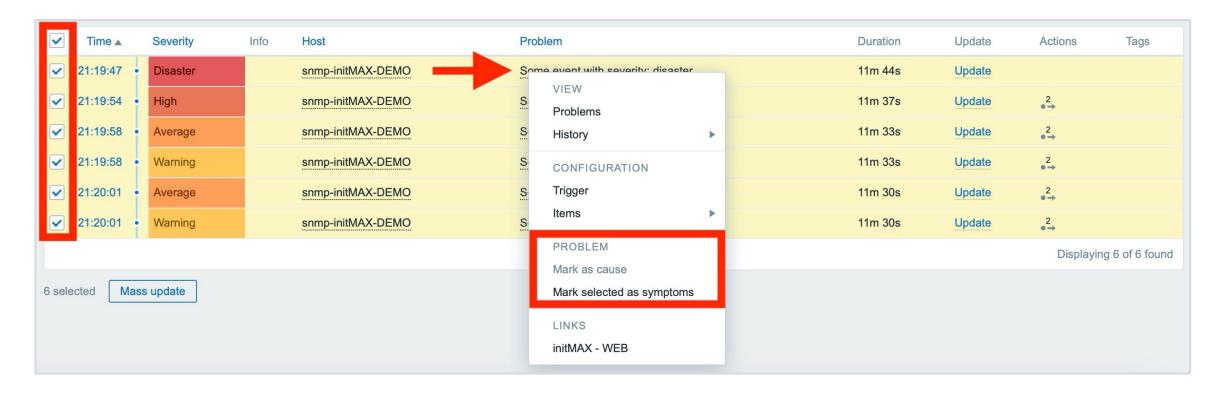
	Time ▲	Severity	Info	Host	Problem	Duration	Update	Actions
5 ^	21:19:47	Disaster		snmp-initMAX-DEMO	Some event with severity: disaster	7m 46s	Update	
	21:19:54	High		snmp-initMAX-DEMO	Some event with severity: high	7m 39s	Update	1 •→
	21:19:58	Average		snmp-initMAX-DEMO	Some event with severity: average	7m 35s	Update	1 →
	21:19:58	Warning		snmp-initMAX-DEMO	Some event with severity: warning	7m 35s	Update	• →
	21:20:01	Average		snmp-initMAX-DEMO	Some event with severity: average	7m 32s	Update	• 1
	21:20:01	Warning		snmp-initMAX-DEMO	Some event with severity: warning	7m 32s	Update	• 1





Cause and symptom events

- > Events can now be marked as cause or symptom events
- By default, all new problems are considered as cause events

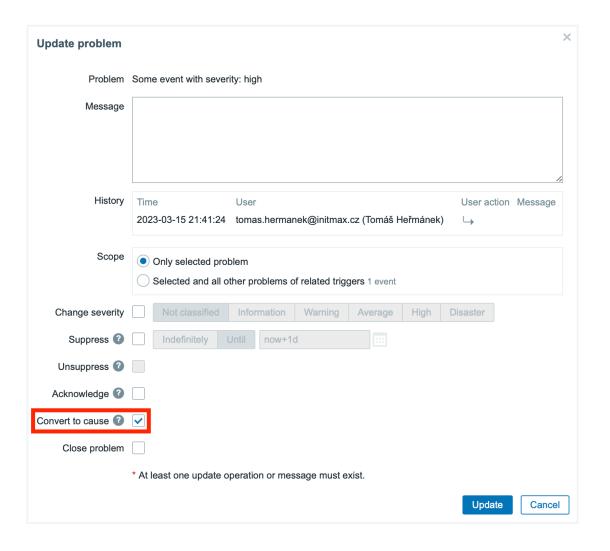






Cause and symptom events

 Symptom events can be converted to cause events by pressing the update button in the problem list (previously - Ack button)







Symptom problems - actions

> It is possible to pause operations for symptom problems

Action Operations 6							
* Default operation step duration	15m						
Operations	Steps	Details		Start in	Duration	Action	
	2	Send message to user groups: NOC Team via Office365		00:15:00	Default	Edit Remove	
	3	Send message to user groups: Engineers via MS Teams		00:30:00	Default	Edit Remove	
	3 Send message to user groups: Engineers via Office365			00:30:00	Default	Edit Remove	
	6	Send message to user groups: Management via SMS		01:15:00	Default	Edit Remove	
	Add						
Recovery operations	D 4 3		A:				
Necovery operations	Details Notify a	all involved		Action Edit Remove			
	Add	i intoleca	Luit Itom				
	Add						
Update operations Details			Action				
	Notify a	II involved	Edit Rem	ove			
	Add						
Pause operations for symptom problems 🔽							
Pause operations for suppressed problems 🗸							
Notify about canceled escalations	✓						
	* At least	one operation must exist.					





Symptom problems - actions

Multiple new macros have been introduced to present cause events

- Cause event name {EVENT.CAUSE.NAME}
- Cause event tags {EVENT.CAUSE.TAGS}
- Cause event severity {EVENT.CAUSE.SEVERITY
- Cause event status {EVENT.CAUSE.STATUS}
- Cause event value {EVENT.CAUSE.VALUE}
- More about new cause macros can be found in documentation https://www.zabbix.com/documentation/6.4/en/manual/appendix/macros/supported_by_location#causeand-symptom-events

These macros can be used in

- Trigger-based notifications and commands
- Problem update notifications and commands
- Manual event action scripts



Cause and symptom events - API changes

Multiple event related API calls now support filtering by cause and symptom events

- event.get and problem.get new symptom parameter (true symptom, false cause)
- > Cause event ID can also be returned in the request response:

```
"jsonrpc": "2.0",
"result": [
        "eventid": "9695",
        "source": "0",
        "object": "0",
        "objectid": "13926",
        "clock": "1347970410",
        "value": "1",
        "acknowledged": "1",
        "ns": "413316245",
        "name": "MySQL is down",
        "severity": "5",
        "r eventid": "0",
        "c_eventid": "0",
        "correlationid": "0",
        "userid": "0",
        "cause eventid": "0",
```



Demo



10

Questions







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